According to the Australian Work Health and Safety Regulations

Initial preparation date: 01.19.2017

**Revision date:** 07.09.2020

### **HighHeat Stick**

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### **Product identifier**

Product name: HighHeat Stick Product code: 8297AUS

### Recommended use of the product and restriction on use

Relevant identified uses: Sealants and adhesives. A handy concentric, two-pack, epoxy putty stick that can be easily hand-mixed before being used to bond and repair materials that will be exposed to high

temperatures in industrial maintenance applications.

**Uses advised against:** Not determined or not applicable.

Reasons why uses advised against: Not determined or not applicable.

#### Manufacturer or supplier details

Manufacturer: Supplier: **United States** Australia **HHP Lunds** J-B Weld Company, LLC

1/195 Jackson Rd 400 CMH Road

Sulphur Springs, TX 75482 Sunnybank Hills, Qld 4109

903-885-7696 1300-306-781

#### **Emergency telephone number:**

**Australia** 

InfoTrac

1300-366-961 (24 hours)

# SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### GHS classification:

Skin sensitization, category 1

### Label elements

# Hazard pictograms:



Signal word: Warning

### Hazard statements:

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

### **Precautionary statements:**

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

P280 Wear face protection

P321 Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label)

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap andwater

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention



Page 1 of 12



According to the Australian Work Health and Safety Regulations

Initial preparation date: 01.19.2017 Page 2 of 12 Revision date: 07.09.2020

### **HighHeat Stick**

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

#### Hazards not otherwise classified:

None

### SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Identification	Name	Weight %
CAS number: 14807-96-6	Talc (non asbestiform)	10-30
CAS number: 14464-46-1	Cristobalite	10-30
CAS number: 65997-17-3	Glass, oxide, chemicals	10-30
CAS number: 14808-60-7	Silica, crystalline quartz (non respirable)	10-30
CAS number: 112-24-3	Triethylenetetramine	0.1-1
CAS number: 25068-38-6	Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxiran	0.1-1
CAS number: 140-31-8	1-Piperazineethanamine	0.1-1

### **Additional Information:**

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### Description of first aid measures

### General notes:

Show this Safety Data Sheet to the doctor in attendance.

### After inhalation:

If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and place in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep person at rest. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, provide artificial respiration. If experiencing respiratory symptoms, seek medical advice/attention.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

#### After skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin with copious amounts of water [shower] for several minutes. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical

According to the Australian Work Health and Safety Regulations

Initial preparation date: 01.19.2017 Page 3 of 12 Revision date: 07.09.2020

### **HighHeat Stick**

advice/attention.

### After eye contact:

Rinse eyes with plenty of water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Protect unexposed eye. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

#### After swallowing:

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, place on the left side with head down to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### Acute symptoms and effects:

Dermal exposure may cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms may include irritation, redness, pain, rash, inflammation, itching, burning and dermatitis.

### **Delayed symptoms and effects:**

Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

### Immediate medical attention and special treatment

#### **Specific treatment:**

Not determined or not applicable.

#### Notes for the doctor:

Treat symptomatically.

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

# **SECTION 5: Fire fighting measures**

#### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

Water mist/fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or alcohol resistant foam.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use water jet.

### Specific hazards during fire-fighting:

Thermal decomposition may produce irritating/toxic fumes/gases.

# Special protective equipment for firefighters:

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full-face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Special precautions:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, hair and clothing. Do not breathe fumes/gas/mists/aerosols/vapors/dusts. Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Use water spray/fog for cooling fire exposed containers. Avoid unnecessary run-off of extinguishing media which may cause pollution.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area. Extinguish any sources of ignition. Wear recommended personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing

According to the Australian Work Health and Safety Regulations

Initial preparation date: 01.19.2017 Page 4 of 12

**Revision date:** 07.09.2020

### **HighHeat Stick**

mist, vapor, dust, fume and spray. Do not walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### **Environmental precautions:**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from reaching drains, sewers and waterways. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

# Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective clothing. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Contain and collect spillage and place in suitable container for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

Small spill: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

#### Reference to other sections:

For personal protective equipment see Section 8. For disposal see Section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage precautions**

#### Precautions for safe handling:

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location out of direct sunlight. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Store away from heat, open flames and other sources of ignition. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 30°C (41 to 86°F). Shelf life: 24.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection**

Only those substances with limit values have been included below.

#### Occupational Exposure limit values:

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
Australia	Talc (non asbestiform)	14807-96-6	TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ (containing no asbestos fibers)
	Cristobalite	14464-46-1	8-Hour TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Respirable dust)
	Glass, oxide, chemicals	65997-17-3	TWA: 0.5 fibers/ml (of air [Superfine glass fiber])
	Glass, oxide, chemicals	65997-17-3	TWA: 0.5 fibers/ml (of air [Synthetic mineral fibers])

According to the Australian Work Health and Safety Regulations

Initial preparation date: 01.19.2017 Page 5 of 12 Revision date: 07.09.2020

# HighHeat Stick

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
	Glass, oxide, chemicals	65997-17-3	TWA: 0.5 fibers/ml (of air [Glasswool including superfine glass fiber])
	Glass, oxide, chemicals	65997-17-3	TWA: 0.5 fibers/ml (of air [Rockwool])
	Glass, oxide, chemicals	65997-17-3	TWA: 0.5 fibers/ml (of air [Ceramic fibers])
	Silica, crystalline quartz (non respirable)	14808-60-7	8-Hour TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable dust)

#### **Biological limit values:**

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

#### Information on monitoring procedures:

Not determined or not applicable.

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Emergency eye wash stations and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use or handling. Provide adequate ventilation to maintain the airborne concentrations of vapor, mists, and/or dusts below the applicable workplace exposure limits, while observing recognized national standards (or equivalent).

### Personal protection equipment

#### Eye and face protection:

Safety glasses or goggles. Use eye protection equipment that has been tested and approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

### Skin and body protection:

Chemical resistant, impervious gloves approved by the appropriate standards. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove used gloves and contaminated clothing. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Ensure that all personal protective equipment is approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

#### Respiratory protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below the applicable workplace exposure limits, or to an acceptable level (if exposure limits have not been established), a respirator approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent) must be worn.

### General hygienic measures:

When handling chemical products, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling, before breaks, and at the end of the workday. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Perform routine housekeeping.

According to the Australian Work Health and Safety Regulations

Page 6 of 12

Initial preparation date: 01.19.2017

Revision date: 07.09.2020

**HighHeat Stick** 

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Metallic, gray-beige solid
Odor	Ethereal
Odor threshold	Not determined or not available.
pH	Not determined or not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined or not available.
Initial boiling point/range	Not determined or not available.
Flash point (closed cup)	Closed cup: Not applicable. [Product does not sustain combustion.]
Evaporation rate	Not determined or not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not determined or not available.
Upper flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.
Lower flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.
Vapor pressure	Not determined or not available.
Vapor density	Not determined or not available.
Density	Not determined or not available.
Relative density	1.741
Solubilities	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not determined or not available.
Auto/Self-ignition temperature	Not determined or not available.
Decomposition temperature	>200 °C (>392 °F)
Dynamic viscosity	Not determined or not available.
Kinematic viscosity	Not determined or not available.
Explosive properties	Not determined or not available.
Oxidizing properties	Not determined or not available.

#### Other information

VOC 0.215 lbs/gal (25.7 g/l)
------------------------------

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### Reactivity:

Not reactive under recommended handling and storage conditions.

### Chemical stability:

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Hazardous reactions are not anticipated under recommended conditions of handling and storage.

#### Conditions to avoid:

Extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

#### Incompatible materials:

None known.

### Hazardous decomposition products:

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, halogenated compounds, metal oxide/oxides.

According to the Australian Work Health and Safety Regulations

Page 7 of 12

Initial preparation date: 01.19.2017

Revision date: 07.09.2020

HighHeat Stick

# **SECTION 11: Hazard information**

### **Acute toxicity**

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Route	Result
Talc (non asbestiform)	oral	LD50 Rat: >5000 mg/kg
Triethylenetetramine	oral	LD50 Rat: 2500 to 4340 mg/kg
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: 550 to 805 mg/kg
Phenol, 4,4'-(1- methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxiran	oral	LD50 Rat: > 2000 mg/kg
1-Piperazineethanamine	oral	LD50 Chicken: 1500 mg/kg
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: 867 mg/kg

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available. Substance data:

Name	Result
Triethylenetetramine	Corrosive to the skin.
Phenol, 4,4'-(1- methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxiran	Causes skin irritation.
1-Piperazineethanamine	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

# Serious eye damage/irritation

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available. Substance data:

Name	Result
, , ,	Causes serious eye irritation.
methylethylidene)bis-, polymer	
with 2-(chloromethyl)oxiran	

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### **Assessment:**

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Product data:

No data available.

According to the Australian Work Health and Safety Regulations

Initial preparation date: 01.19.2017

Revision date: 07.09.2020

**HighHeat Stick** 

### Substance data:

Name	Result
Triethylenetetramine	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Phenol, 4,4'-(1- methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxiran	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### Carcinogenicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Product data:

### Species Result

IARC classifies TiO2 as a 2B carcinogen based in large part on several studies of the effects of the inhalation of TiO2 on animals in which the TiO2 particles were of various sizes. Particles defined as "ultrafine" have been shown to cause cancer in animals exposed to very high concentrations. A number of authorities have reviewed those studies and others involving exposure to ultrafine particles and have concluded that the effects result from overloading the respiratory system of the animals. The effects observed, according to the scientists, are not due to TiO2 but are general responses to high levels of dust in the lungs. In addition, a carcinogenic effect of TiO2 dust in the workers was not observed in several epidemiology studies on more than 20,000 TiO2 industry workers in Europe and the USA, nor were other chronic diseases, including other respiratory diseases, associated with exposure to TiO2 dust. Accordingly, we have concluded that our products should not be classified on the basis of the presence of TiO2 in the products.

### Substance data:

Name	Species	Result
Talc (non asbestiform)		Talc containing asbestos is carcinogenic to humans.
Glass, oxide, chemicals	Not applicable	May cause cancer via inhalation.

### International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC):

Name	Classification
Talc (non asbestiform)	Group 3
Cristobalite	Group 1
Glass, oxide, chemicals	Group 2B

National Toxicology Program (NTP): None of the ingredients are listed.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:**No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:**No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:**No data available.

Generated using Total SDS  $^{\mathrm{IM}}$  (patent-pending), www.GSMSDS.com

Page 8 of 12

According to the Australian Work Health and Safety Regulations

Initial preparation date: 01.19.2017

Revision date: 07.09.2020

**HighHeat Stick** 

### Substance data:

Name	Result
1-Piperazineethanamine	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Page 9 of 12

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available. Substance data:

Name	Result
Cristobalite	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Aspiration toxicity**

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:**No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure:

Skin exposure.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

Refer to Section 4 of this SDS.

#### Other information:

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### Acute (short-term) toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
, , ,	EC50 Scenedesmus capricornutum: 9 mg/L (48 hr)
methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxiran	EC50 Daphnia magna: 1 mg/L (48 hr)

### Chronic (long-term) toxicity

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
1-Piperazineethanamine	EC50 Daphnia magna: 58 mg/L (48 hr)

### Persistence and degradability

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Jabotanoo data.	
Name	Result
Talc (non asbestiform)	Biodegradation is not applicable to inorganic substances.
, , ,	No biodegradation observed. However, significant hydrolysis occurred eliminating 82 % over 28 days.

According to the Australian Work Health and Safety Regulations

Page 10 of 12

Initial preparation date: 01.19.2017

**Revision date:** 07.09.2020

HighHeat Stick

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product data: No data available.

#### Substance data:

Name	Result
Talc (non asbestiform)	No potential for bioaccumulation.
1-Piperazineethanamine	BCF: 2.8 - 6.3

### Mobility in soil

Product data: No data available.

#### Substance data:

Name	Result
1-Piperazineethanamine	Hardly Mobile (Log Koc: 4.57)

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Product data:

**PBT assessment:** This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT. **vPvB assessment:** This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a vPvB.

#### Substance data:

#### PBT assessment:

Talc (non asbestiform)	The substance is inorganic, and as such the criteria for PBT are not applicable.
vPvB assessment:	
Talc (non asbestiform)	The substance is inorganic, and as such the criteria for vPvB are not applicable.

Other adverse effects: No data available.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### Disposal methods:

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Contaminated packages:

Not determined or not applicable.

According to the Australian Work Health and Safety Regulations

Page 11 of 12

Initial preparation date: 01.19.2017

**Revision date:** 07.09.2020

**HighHeat Stick** 

# SECTION 14: Transport information

# Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG)

UN number	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated
UN transport hazard class(es)	None
Packing group	None
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

# **International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)**

UN number	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated
UN transport hazard class(es)	None
Packing group	None
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

### International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations (IATA-DGR)

UN number	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated
UN transport hazard class(es)	None
Packing group	None
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	
Bulk Name	None
Ship type	None
Pollution category	None

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Australia regulations

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS): All ingredients are listed or exempt. Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP): None of the ingredients are listed.

According to the Australian Work Health and Safety Regulations

Page 12 of 12

Initial preparation date: 01.19.2017

Revision date: 07.09.2020

**HighHeat Stick** 

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and Acronyms: None

#### Disclaimer:

This SDS was authored in accordance with the Australian Work Health and Safety Regulations and supplemented by the Australian Code of Practice on the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals. The information provided in this SDS is correct, to the best of our knowledge, based on information available. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, storage, transportation and disposal and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials, unless specified in the text. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user.

Initial preparation date: 01.19.2017

**Revision date:** 07.09.2020

#### **Revision Notes:**

Revision Date	Notes
2020-07-09	Classification and composition change.

#### Additional information:

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Version 2

**End of Safety Data Sheet**